# Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200), Health Canada HPR (SOR/2015-17), and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015



### **SECTION 1: Identification**

**Product Identifier Subaru Automatic Transmission Cooler Flush** 

830374 Code 23-Oct-2019 Issue date

Transmission System Flush Relevant identified uses

Uses advised against All others

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531 CHEMTREC Global +1 703 527 3887

Phillips 66 Spectrum Corporation Manufacturer/Supplier

500 Industrial Park Drive Selmer, TN 38375-3276 United States of America Phone: 800-762-0942

**SDS Information** Email: SDS@P66.com

URL: www.phillips66.com/SDS

1-800-264-6457 or +1-731-645-4972 **Technical Information** 

### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

**Classified Hazards** 

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol -- Category 1 H280 -- Gases under pressure -- Compressed gas

H304 -- Aspiration Hazard -- Category 1

H319 -- Eye damage/irritation -- Category 2A H336 -- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) -- Category 3

H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

**Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)** 

PHNOC: None known

HHNOC: None known

#### Label elements



#### DANGER

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking; P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source; P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use; P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray; P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling; P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area; P273 - Avoid release to the environment; P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection; P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting; P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing; P410 - Protect from sunlight; P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention; P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell: P391 - Collect spillage: P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F: P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place; P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CASRN	Concentration <sup>1</sup>
Naphtha, petroleum, heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	75-85
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1-10
Acetone	67-64-1	1-10
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1-10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Eye Contact: For direct contact, remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the affected eye(s) with clean water for at least 20 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with the head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing. Seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains gas(es) which can cause asphyxiation at high concentrations by displacing oxygen. Symptoms of overexposure may include headache, fatigue, weakness, mental confusion, mood disturbances, and decreased coordination and judgment. Continued exposure can lead to hypoxia (inadequate oxygen), rapid breathing, impaired vision, ringing in the ears, cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin), numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association

Health 2 Flammability: 4



0 = minimal hazard

1 = slight hazard

2 = moderate hazard

3 = severe hazard

4 = extreme hazard

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless used under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Contents under pressure. Extremely flammable. This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe) Vapors may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. May create vapor/air explosion hazard indoors, in confined spaces, outdoors, or in sewers. This product will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapors are heavier than air and can accumulate in low areas. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire. Liquid hydrocarbons may be present in sufficient quantity to create fire hazard.

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Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of nitrogen and sulfur may also be formed.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Use shielding to protect fire-fighters from bursting containers.

See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Extremely flammable. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release if safe to do so. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

**Environmental Precautions:** If spill/release in excess of EPA reportable quantity (see Section 15) is made into the environment, immediately notify the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802). Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use foam on spills to minimize vapors Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Do not stick pin or any other sharp object into opening on top of can. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Extremely Flammable. Use only with adequate ventilation Contents under pressure May vaporize easily at ambient temperatures. The vapor is heavier than air and may create an explosive mixture of vapor and air. Beware of accumulation in confined spaces and low lying areas. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended and may be required (see appropriate fire codes). Refer to NFPA-70 and/or API RP 2003 for specific bonding/grounding requirements. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Keep contaminated clothing away from sources of ignition such as sparks or open flames.

Conditions for safe storage: Avoid exposing any part of a compressed-gas cylinder to temperatures above 125F(51.6C). Gas cylinders should be stored outdoors or in well ventilated storerooms at no lower than ground level and should be quickly removable in an emergency. Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Post area "No Smoking or Open Flame." Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place P102 - Keep out of reach of children Store locked up

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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits .				
Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico	Phillips 66
Naphtha, petroleum, heavy alkylate	1			TWA-8hr: 450 mg/m³ STEL: 1100 mg/m³ Skin
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA-8hr: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	TWA-8hr: 400 ppm TWA-8hr: 980 mg/m³ Carcinogen	TWA-8hr: 200 ppm (VLE-PPT) STEL: 400 ppm (PPT-CT) Carcinogen	
Acetone	TWA-8hr: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA-8hr: 1000 ppm TWA-8hr: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-8hr: 500 ppm (VLE-PPT) STEL: 750 ppm (PPT-CT) Carcinogen	
Carbon dioxide	TWA-8hr: 5000 ppm STEL: 30000 ppm	TWA-8hr: 5000 ppm TWA-8hr: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-8hr: 5000 ppm (VLE-PPT) STEL: 30000 ppm (PPT-CT)	

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Biological occupational exposure limits			
Chemical Name	ACGIH	Mexican NOM-047-SSA1-2011	
Isopropyl alcohol	Acetone in urine: 40 mg/L (end of shift at end of	Acetone in urine: 40 mg/L (end of shift at end of work	
	workweek)	week)	
Acetone	Acetone in urine: 25 mg/L (end of shift)	Acetone in urine: 50 mg/L (end of work shift)	

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

**Engineering controls:** If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

**Eye/Face Protection:** The use of eye protection (such as splash goggles) that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended when there is potential liquid contact to the eye. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

**Skin/Hand Protection:** Depending on exposure and use conditions, additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of items such as chemical resistant boots, aprons, arm covers, hoods, coveralls, or encapsulated suits. Suggested protective materials: Butyl rubber

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges/canisters with R or P95 filters may be used. A NIOSH approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or equivalent operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode should be used in situations of oxygen deficiency (oxygen content less than 19.5 percent), unknown exposure concentrations, or situations that are immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH).

**Other Protective Equipment:** Eye wash and quick-drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Note:** Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

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Physical Form: Aerosol Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC), ASTM D93, EPA 1010

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Odor: Solvent Initial Boiling Point/Range: No data

Odor Threshold: No data Vapor Pressure: No data

pH: Not applicable Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow): No data

Vapor Density (air=1): >1

Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data

Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data

Decomposition Temperature: No data

Decomposition Temperature: No data

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): No data Specific Gravity (water=1): 0.754 @ 60°F (15.6°C)

Particle Size: Not applicable

Percent Volatile: No data

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Bulk Density: No data

Viscosity: No data

Pour Point: No data

VOC Content (%): 91.49

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight Prevent vapor

accumulation.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents strong reducing agents and alkali metals

Hazardous decomposition products: Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### **Substance / Mixture**

Acute Toxicity	Hazard	Additional Information	LC50/LD50 Data
Inhalation	Unlikely to be harmful		>5 mg/L (mist, estimated)
Dermal	Unlikely to be harmful		> 2 g/kg (estimated)
Oral	Unlikely to be harmful		> 5 g/kg (estimated)

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye contact, skin contact

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes mild skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin Sensitization:** Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Respiratory Sensitization: No information available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Carcinogenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for

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carcinogenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for germ cell mutagenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Reproductive Toxicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for reproductive toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Other Comments: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage (sometimes referred to as Solvent or Painters' Syndrome). Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this material may be harmful or fatal.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information



#### **GHS Classification:**

H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

Persistence and Degradability: The hydrocarbons in this material are expected to be inherently biodegradable. In practice, hydrocarbon gases are not likely to remain in solution long enough for biodegradation to be a significant loss process.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Substance is expected to possess low bioaccumulation potential.

Mobility in Soil: Substance is expected to possess low mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste, and identified as the EPA hazardous waste number shown below. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container residues and rinseates could be considered to be hazardous wastes.

#### **EPA Waste Number(s)**

• D001 - Ignitability characteristic

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

UN Number: UN1950

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, LTD. QTY

Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

Packing Group: None

Environmental Hazard(s): Marine pollutant - Environmentally Hazardous

Special precautions for user: Container(s) greater than 5 liters (liquids) or 5 kilograms (solids), shipped by water mode and ALL bulk shipments may require the shipping description to contain the "Marine Pollutant" notation [49 CFR 172.203(I)] and the

container(s) to display the [Marine Pollutant Mark] [49 CFR 172.322].

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

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This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

### CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR

Chemical Name	Concentration <sup>1</sup>	de minimis
Isopropyl alcohol	1-10	1.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### **EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)**

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of 40 CFR 302.4:

Chemical Name	RQ	
Acetone	5000 lb	

#### **California Proposition 65**

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

#### **International Inventories**

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.

All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

### SECTION 16: Other information

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### **Revised Sections or Basis for Revision:**

Composition (Section 3); Periodic review and update; Exposure limits (Section 8)

### Mexican NOM-018-STPS-2015:

The information within is considered correct but is not exhaustive and will be used for guidance only, which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and is applicable to the appropriate safety precautions for the product.

#### **Precautionary Statements:**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P391 - Collect spillage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

P410 - Protect from sunlight

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P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

#### **Guide to Abbreviations:**

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

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#### Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.

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