# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 14 December 2016

Version 11.01

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY

Product code : NCP271
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

**Technical Phone Number**: 1-800-647-6050

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 57.5%

**GHS label elements** 

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#### Product name CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY

### Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard pictograms**









Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage **Disposal**  : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental label

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Do not taste or swallow. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥20 - ≤50	14807-96-6
barium sulfate	≥10 - ≤20	7727-43-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-10-1
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	123-86-4
Ketimine	≥1.0 - <5.0	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤4.5	64742-95-6
butan-1-ol	≥1.0 - ≤4.1	71-36-3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.7	95-63-6
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	≤1.0	14808-60-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
carbon black, respirable powder	≤1.0	1333-86-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

personne

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

metal oxide/oxides

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Special precautions**

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Occupational exposure limits

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours. Form: not
	containing asbestos
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Ketimine	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
butan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:

Respirable fraction

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).

TWA: 30 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Form: Total dust OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:

Respirable fraction

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).

TWA: 30 mg/m³ Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak

carbon black, respirable powder

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

= Ceiling Limit C F = Fume

**IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

S = Potential skin absorption SR

> SS = Skin sensitization

= Short term Exposure limit values STEL

= Respiratory sensitization

TD = Total dust

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** Skin protection **Hand protection** 

Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

butyl rubber **Gloves** 

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the Respiratory protection hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers

are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate. certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying

with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Color : Not available. Odor : Not available. Not available. **Odor threshold** pΗ : Not available. : Not available. **Melting point** 

Flash point : Closed cup: >23°C (>73.4°F)

**Material supports** : Yes.

combustion.

**Boiling point** 

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Lower: 1.2%

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Evaporation rate** : 0.69 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Vapor pressure** : 1.6 kPa (12.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.52

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 12.69

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

**Volatility** : 49% (v/v), 26.88% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 73.12

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	32772 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>11 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Ketimine	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
_	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
powder				
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
1				1

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Ketimine	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Ketimine		Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: **Ketimine**: Not mutagenic in Ames test.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
toluene	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
carbon black, respirable powder	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3
butan-1-ol	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
toluene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 2 Category 1
crystalline sliica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous

system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential immediate** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

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### **Product name CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY**

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	4067.5 mg/kg
Dermal	25144.3 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	17071.9 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	44.06 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.691 mg/l

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	-	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
butan-1-ol	0.88	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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Product name CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

DOT : None identified. **IMDG** : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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#### **Product name CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY**

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

**SARA 302/304** 

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	$\neg$
4-methylpentan-2-one	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
titanium dioxide	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
n-butyl acetate	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Ketimine	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	+
butan-1-ol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ļ
toluene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	
carbon black, respirable powder	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	+

#### **SARA 313**

Supplier notification

Chemical name

4-methylpentan-2-one
butan-1-ol
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

CAS number
108-10-1
5 - 10
71-36-3
1 - 5
95-63-6
1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

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#### Product name CORROSION RESISTANT PRIMER - GRAY

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 \* Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 10/6/2016
Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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