SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier SUPER DUTY RUBBING COMPOUND

Other means of identification

Product code PBS1

Recommended use Rubbing compound.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Granitize Products, Inc.

11022 Vulcan Street

South Gate, CA 90280-0893 US

Telephone: (562) 923-5438

Emergency CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC International: 00 1-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3Health hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Sensitization, skin Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (lungs)

exposure (inhalation)

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes

serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged

or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective

gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use water

fog, foam, dry chemical powder, dry chemicals, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Water	7732-18-5	55 - 65
White Mineral Oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	10 - 15
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli	1317-95-9	8 - 12
Glycerin	56-81-5	> 2
Oleic acid	112-80-1	> 1
Morpholine	110-91-8	< 1
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	< 0.5
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

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SDS US

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Subs	stances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)
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Components	Туре	Value		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	2 ppm		
	TWA	0.75 ppm		
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3		
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A	Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.100	00)		
Components	Tyne	Value	Form	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	PEL	70 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	0.3 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
Microcrystalline silica, Fripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	ical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m3	
		3 ppm	
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.1 ppm	
	TWA	0.016 ppm	
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	STEL	105 mg/m3	
		30 ppm	
	TWA	70 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		<u> </u>	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

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Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR

1910.134.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquid.FormCream.ColorTan.

Odor Characteristic.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point 100.0 °F (37.8 °C) Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

0.876 (H2O=1)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Electrostatic discharge. Contact with incompatible materials. Protect against direct

sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Strong oxidizing agents.

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and

nitrogen oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Additionally	That expedited to be dedicity toxio.	That expedited to be deatery toxic.			
Components	Species	Test Results			
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-4	12-2)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal					
LD50	Rabbit	> 12000 mg/kg			
Inhalation					
Aerosol					
LC50	Rat	6.4 mg/l			
Oral					
LD50	Rat	780 mg/kg			
<u>Chronic</u>					
Dermal					
LOAEL	Rat	32 mg/kg			
Oral					
LOAEL	Rat	25 mg/kg			
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-	0)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal					
LD50	Rat	270 mg/kg			
Inhalation					
LC50	Rat	0.578 mg/l, 4 hours			
Oral					
LD50	Rat	100 mg/kg			
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)					
<u>Acute</u>					
Oral					
LD50	Rat	12600 mg/kg			
White Mineral Oil (petroleun	n) (CAS 8042-47-5)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal					
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LD50

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> 2000 mg/kg

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Rabbit

Components Species Test Results

Inhalation Aerosol

LC50 Rat > 5 mg/l

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

ACGIH sensitization

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)

Dermal sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) 1 Carcinogenic to humans. Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Known To Be Human Carcinogen. Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Cancer Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) Cancer

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may

cause chronic effects. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityThe product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components **Species Test Results** Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Aquatic Algae EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 7.78 mg/l, 72 Hours Crustacea EC50 Daphnia magna 1.63 mg/l, 48 hours **NOEC** Daphnia magna 0.78 mg/l, 21 days Fish Pimephales promelas 1370 mg/l, 96 hours LC50 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) **Aquatic** Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 4.3 - 7.8 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Striped bass (Morone saxatilis) 10.302 - 16.743 mg/l, 96 hours Components Species Test Results

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Crustacea > 10000 mg/l, 24 Hours

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea LL50 Invertebrates (Invertebrates) 100 mg/l Fish LL50 Fish 10 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)
 -1.43

 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)
 0.35

 Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)
 -1.76

 Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)
 -0.86

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packagingSince emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name

ne Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum))

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum))

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 3 **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards** No **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN1993 **UN** number

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum)) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

EmS

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

F-E, S-E

Not applicable.

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed. Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) 100 LBS OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Cancer Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) Cancer

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Skin sensitization Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) lung effects

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Respiratory sensitization Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) immune system effects

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Eve irritation Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) kidney effects Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Skin irritation

respiratory tract irritation

Acute toxicity Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)	

100 500 Formaldehyde 50-00-0 Yes

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Classified hazard

chemical

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Chemical name **CAS** number % by wt. Formaldehyde 50-00-0 < 0.5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5) Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Oleic acid (CAS 112-80-1)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Oleic acid (CAS 112-80-1)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed: January 1, 1988 Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9) Listed: October 1, 1988

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 109-86-4) Listed: January 1, 1989 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 109-86-4) Listed: January 1, 1989

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

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International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Yes

(PICCS)

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) No United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory No

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 07-August-2014 **Revision date** 03-September-2018

Version # 04

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

Granitize Products Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).